

ΛΥΣΗ

α) Είναι:

$$\alpha + \beta = 1 - \sqrt{2} + 2 + \sqrt{2} = 1 + 2 = 3 \text{ και}$$

$$\alpha\beta = (1 - \sqrt{2})(2 + \sqrt{2}) = 2 - 2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}^2 = 2 - 2 - \sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{2}$$

που είναι το ζητούμενο.

β) Επειδή  $\alpha - 1 = -\sqrt{2}$  και  $\beta - 2 = \sqrt{2}$ , έχουμε:

$$(\alpha - 1)^2 + (\beta - 2)^2 = (-\sqrt{2})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2 = 2 + 2 = 4$$